

## 16-2 Practice Problems

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- Write the equilibrium expression for the oxidation of hydrogen to form water vapor.  
 $2\text{H}_2(\text{g}) + \text{O}_2(\text{g}) \rightleftharpoons 2\text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{g})$
- Write the equilibrium expression for the formation of nitrosyl bromide.  
 $2\text{NO}(\text{g}) + \text{Br}_2(\text{g}) \rightleftharpoons 2\text{NOBr}(\text{g})$
- Write the equilibrium expression for the following reaction.  
 $\text{NO}(\text{g}) + \text{O}_3(\text{g}) \rightleftharpoons \text{O}_2(\text{g}) + \text{NO}_2(\text{g})$
- Write the equilibrium expression for the following reaction.  
 $\text{CH}_4(\text{g}) + \text{Cl}_2(\text{g}) \rightleftharpoons \text{CH}_3\text{Cl}(\text{g}) + \text{HCl}(\text{g})$
- Write the equilibrium expression for the following reaction.  
 $\text{CH}_4(\text{g}) + \text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{g}) \rightleftharpoons \text{CO}(\text{g}) + 3\text{H}_2(\text{g})$
- Write the equilibrium expression for the following reaction.  
 $\text{CO}(\text{g}) + 2\text{H}_2(\text{g}) \rightleftharpoons \text{CH}_3\text{OH}(\text{g})$
- Write the equilibrium expression for the combustion of ethane at high temperature.  
 $2\text{C}_2\text{H}_6(\text{g}) + 7\text{O}_2(\text{g}) \rightleftharpoons 4\text{CO}_2(\text{g}) + 6\text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{g})$
- Write the equilibrium expression for the decomposition of ethane.  
 $\text{C}_2\text{H}_6(\text{g}) \rightleftharpoons \text{C}_2\text{H}_4(\text{g}) + \text{H}_2(\text{g})$
- Write the equilibrium expression for the following reaction.  
 $\text{Hg}(\text{g}) + \text{I}_2(\text{g}) \rightleftharpoons \text{HgI}_2(\text{g})$
- Write the equilibrium expression for the following reaction.  
 $\text{SnO}_2(\text{s}) + 2\text{CO}(\text{g}) \rightleftharpoons \text{Sn}(\text{s}) + 2\text{CO}_2(\text{g})$
- Write the equilibrium expression for the following reaction.  
 $\text{C}(\text{s}) + \text{CO}_2(\text{g}) \rightleftharpoons 2\text{CO}(\text{g})$
- Write the equilibrium expression for the following reaction.  
 $\text{FeO}(\text{s}) + \text{CO}(\text{g}) \rightleftharpoons \text{Fe}(\text{s}) + \text{CO}_2(\text{g})$
- Write the equilibrium expression for the following reaction.  
 $\text{KCl}(\text{l}) + \text{Na}(\text{l}) \rightleftharpoons \text{NaCl}(\text{l}) + \text{K}(\text{g})$
- Write the equilibrium expression for the following reaction.  
 $\text{NaCl}(\text{s}) + \text{H}_2\text{SO}_4(\text{l}) \rightleftharpoons \text{HCl}(\text{g}) + \text{NaHSO}_4(\text{s})$
- Write the equilibrium expression for the following reaction.  
 $\text{P}_4(\text{s}) + 6\text{NO}(\text{g}) \rightleftharpoons \text{P}_4\text{O}_6(\text{s}) + 3\text{N}_2(\text{g})$
- Write the equilibrium expression for the following reaction.  
 $2\text{NO}(\text{g}) + 2\text{H}_2(\text{g}) \rightleftharpoons \text{N}_2(\text{g}) + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{l})$

## 16-2 Practice Problems (continued)

17. Write the equilibrium expression for the following reaction.  

$$\text{H}_2\text{CO}_3(s) \rightleftharpoons \text{H}_2\text{O}(l) + \text{CO}_2(g)$$
18. Write the equilibrium expression for the following reaction.  

$$\text{CO}_2(g) + \text{H}_2(g) \rightleftharpoons \text{CO}(g) + \text{H}_2\text{O}(l)$$
19. At 740°C,  $K_{\text{eq}} = 0.0060$  for the decomposition of calcium carbonate ( $\text{CaCO}_3$ ), which is described by the equation  

$$\text{CaCO}_3(s) \rightleftharpoons \text{CaO}(s) + \text{CO}_2(g)$$
  
 Find  $Q$  and predict how the reaction will proceed if  $[\text{CO}_2] = 0.0004 \text{ M}$ .
20. For the reaction  

$$\text{CO}(g) + \text{H}_2\text{O}(g) \rightleftharpoons \text{H}_2(g) + \text{CO}_2(g)$$
  
 $K_{\text{eq}} = 5.10$  at 527°C. If  $[\text{CO}] = 0.15 \text{ M}$ ,  $[\text{H}_2\text{O}] = 0.25 \text{ M}$ ,  $[\text{H}_2] = 0.42 \text{ M}$ , and  $[\text{CO}_2] = 0.37 \text{ M}$ , calculate  $Q$  and determine how the reaction will proceed.
21. At 340°C,  $K_{\text{eq}} = 0.064$  for the reaction  

$$\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3(s) + 3\text{H}_2(g) \rightleftharpoons 2\text{Fe}(s) + 3\text{H}_2\text{O}(g)$$
  
 Given that  $[\text{H}_2] = 0.45 \text{ M}$  and  $[\text{H}_2\text{O}] = 0.37 \text{ M}$ , find  $Q$  and predict how the reaction will proceed.
22. At 2130°C,  $K_{\text{eq}} = 0.0025$  for the reaction  

$$\text{N}_2(g) + \text{O}_2(g) \rightleftharpoons 2\text{NO}(g)$$
  
 If  $[\text{N}_2] = 0.81 \text{ M}$ ,  $[\text{O}_2] = 0.75 \text{ M}$ , and  $[\text{NO}] = 0.030 \text{ M}$ , find  $Q$  and determine the direction in which the reaction will proceed.
23. Ammonia is synthesized from nitrogen and hydrogen in the reaction  

$$\text{N}_2(g) + 3\text{H}_2(g) \rightleftharpoons 2\text{NH}_3(g)$$
  
 At 500°C, the equilibrium constant for this reaction is 0.080. Given that  $[\text{NH}_3] = 0.0596 \text{ M}$ ,  $[\text{N}_2] = 0.600 \text{ M}$ , and  $[\text{H}_2] = 0.420 \text{ M}$ , find  $Q$  and predict how the reaction will proceed.
24. The decomposition of antimony pentachloride ( $\text{SbCl}_5$ ) is described by the equation  

$$\text{SbCl}_5(g) \rightleftharpoons \text{SbCl}_3(g) + \text{Cl}_2(g)$$
  
 At 448°C, the equilibrium constant for this reaction is 0.0251. What is the value of  $Q$  if  $[\text{SbCl}_5] = 0.095 \text{ M}$ ,  $[\text{SbCl}_3] = 0.020 \text{ M}$ , and  $[\text{Cl}_2] = 0.050 \text{ M}$ ? How will this reaction proceed?
25. At 1000°C,  $K_{\text{eq}} = 1.0 \times 10^{-13}$  for the decomposition of hydrofluoric acid (HF), as described in the reaction  

$$2\text{HF}(g) \rightleftharpoons \text{H}_2(g) + \text{F}_2(g)$$
  
 If  $[\text{HF}] = 23.0 \text{ M}$ ,  $[\text{H}_2] = 0.540 \text{ M}$ , and  $[\text{F}_2] = 0.380 \text{ M}$ , determine the value of  $Q$  and predict how the reaction will proceed.
26. At 1227°C,  $K_{\text{eq}}$  for the following reaction is 0.15.  

$$2\text{SO}_2(g) + \text{O}_2(g) \rightleftharpoons 2\text{SO}_3(g)$$
  
 If  $[\text{SO}_2] = 0.344 \text{ M}$ ,  $[\text{O}_2] = 0.172 \text{ M}$ , and  $[\text{SO}_3] = 0.056 \text{ M}$ , find  $Q$  and determine how the reaction will proceed.